

IN AND ABOUT PORTLAND.

The county court will meet Tuesday next. The usual bill is offered at Manager Clinton's Tivoli Hotel. Mr. J. P. Wagner, of Pendleton, editor of the East Oregonian, was in the city yesterday. Miss Addie Ettie, of Glendale, Or., is in the city and will return home Tuesday morning.

Christina Fraudan has commenced suit in the state circuit court for a divorce from Ned Fraudan.

There will be an adjourned meeting of the Clerk's association this afternoon at 2 o'clock in Liebig's hall.

Mr. C. E. Meach, manager of R. L. Poole & Co.'s drydockers on this coast, arrived yesterday from San Francisco.

Mr. A. M. Carlson, of Spokane Falls, president of the Spokane and Palouse Railroad company, is at the St. Charles.

Dr. N. McKinnell will leave for an extended stay in California on the evening steamer.

Mr. James B. Buffet returned Thursday from a trip to Lewiston, where he has been soliciting for the benefit of his health.

Licenses to wed were issued yesterday for C. L. Hoenkirk and Laura M. Dibble, and H. B. Gossard and Anna W. Hirschorn.

H. B. Gossard of Linus' hotel, says he has

set up a lantern table in his elegant dining room for regular customers.

The Western Union expect to be in their new office in Kamiak's block about 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. F. W. Keywell and Co., wholesale dealers in Keywell Bros. & Co., New York cigars, assure us that after the 15th inst., they will be able to fill all back orders for their justly celebrated goods.

Readers can now send their orders to them, rest assured they will receive immediate attention.

SHIPPIING NOTES.

Steamer State of California reached San Francisco at 11 A. M. yesterday; the Columbia sailing at 10:30 A. M.

Arrived Nov. 13.—Cochrane down with Dr. Ship Ratius E. Wood.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

Governor Moody has appointed B. B. Tottie, judge advocate on the staff of the commander-in-chief of the Oregon State Militia, with the rank of colonel. The appointment is made to supply a vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. George F. Hermann.

SMALL FIRE.

The alarm from Box 21 sounded at a quarter past 6 o'clock last night, was for a small fire in a Chinese house at the corner of Third and F streets. The principal damage done was the burning of some clothing. The cause of the fire was a red-hot stove, bad chimney, etc.

JORDAN DENIES NOT GUILTY.

In the U. S. district court yesterday Sheriff T. A. Jordan pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging him with shooting Thos. J. Mountain, a whited man, at West Portland.

Mr. Arthur Arthur, U. S. district attorney, moved that the case be transferred to the U. S. district court and that a day for trial be set on the 15th instant.

DRIVING WITH LOGS OF MONEY.

A reliable gentleman, who has watched the construction of the Morrison-street bridge, informed an OREGONIAN reporter that the men engaged in taking down the old pier had saved the stone, which is placed on a barge by means of a pulley, and then hauled it ashore by means of a sled and other contrivances in the river. A reporter watched the men at work yesterday, and observed that the statement was true. Congress passed a law forbidding junks, or punts, to be used in the river, but the men have the right to use them.

Yesterdays' paper carried a report that the men had been engaged in the removal of the city limits. City ordinance No. 102 provides for the prevention of filling up the channel by culleuses within the city limits.

It reads as follows:

"No person, firm or corporation, to dump, deposit, or otherwise let into the Willamette river within the city limits, any earth, stones, sand, gravel, or other debris, which may tend to obstruct the channel of said river, or to dam or obstruct any part of the same, or to fill up any part of the said river with mud and mire, so as to be liable to be carried away into said river or flushed or otherwise removed."

NOTICE WHILE GIVING SERVICE.

On about noon yesterday afternoon Hartness, Col. Hartness, and his son, Frank, went to a change of residence, Clarendon, on the corner of Third and F streets. The principal damage done was the breaking of some clothing. The cause of the fire was a red-hot stove, bad chimney, etc.

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THE ARMY.

Annual Report of Lieutenant-General Sheridan.

GEN MILES'S APACHE CAMPAIGN

A Marked Decrease in the Percentage of Deserts - A Strong Plea for the Policy of Awarding Lands in Severalty.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan has submitted to the secretary of war his annual report, showing the operations of the military forces during the past year. From the report appears that the date of last returns the army of the United States consisted of 2102 officers and 22,946 men.

The head of the division of the Atlantic the lieutenant-general refers finally to the death of General Fremont. He says that every operator of importance was in this country during the year. Recommendations heretofore made by Gen. Schofield and his predecessors relative to compensation at some suitable point of severance of the lands have been adopted, and are renewed, and attention is called to the partition and armament of our sea coast lying along the Atlantic ocean.

The lieutenant-general says that while the division of the Pacific had no trouble in approaching the condition of hostilities during the year, many operations of a minor nature have been rendered necessary, to suppress raids in Montana by Indians, to restrain the direct and indirect efforts of rebels to procure Indian agents from meadow and lumbardization of their charges, and to secure settlers from the lawless demands of roving bands who have been permitted, on the protest and another, to leave their reservations.

THE OKLAHOMA COUNTRY

The adjustment with the Cherokees and Apaches by the president, through the medium of the lieutenant-general, in July, has also had a salutary influence in this country, but the troops in that region have been kept constantly employed in the prevention of unlawful settlements in the Oklahoma country, and its invasion by hordes of cut-throats, and the legislation is not yet completed, especially in the case of the Oklahomas, and he fears many advantages of a dire scene by Pres. Lincoln, which he expects that foreign money will hereafter be required to meet. He says that the Indians are now in a more or less quiet state, and that the government are anxious to receive them again, and that the Indians are inclined to receive us again, but that the time is propitious.

Reports from the Mimbres and Ouray Indian agencies in Utah, where the situation last winter was threatening, indicate that the agent is now dead, and the Indians have ceased their resistance and are willing to believe them selves.

In noting the movements of Fort Davis and Fort Union, the lieutenant-general says it is his desire to perceive in the policy of abandoning small posts that are no longer useful.

DIVISION OF THE PACIFIC

The head of the division of the Pacific, after alluding to the preservation of peace by the divisional troops at points where the Indians were most numerous, and the Indians most numerous, turns his attention to the campaign against Geronimo. He states that it was his duty to remove to Florida Indians held as prisoners by Gen. Crook, and he adds, however, that he deferred such a removal upon the recommendation of Gen. Crook and Capt. Crawford.

Touching upon the death of Capt. Crawford, at a time when negotiations had been opened with the Indians, he says that he had no personal view of his surrender. Gen. Sheridan says: "The loss of Capt. Crawford was much to be regretted, as he would, in my opinion, have at that time terminated the cruel and bloody warfare which continued therewith for many months."

The report then relates in detail the circumstances attending the qualified surrender of Capt. Crawford, which were not approved by the president, and the subsequent escape of the chief with twenty war-riars and thirteen women.

Touching upon the fate of Gen. Crook and his replacement by Gen. Miles, Gen. Sheridan says that it grew out of the fact that Gen. Crook seemed to be wedded to a policy of operating almost exclusively with Indian scouts, and as his services were not considered satisfactory to both parties, it was in a fair way of being reviewed and the amount determined will be immediately communicated to the company and the accounts closed.

According to the plan I have proposed, would reduce annually \$400,000 the amount appropriated for payment of their annuities and for their subsistence and civilization. The policy advocated in my report would be most advantageous to the Indians being the best method to methode now in vogue, or such improvement of them as time and experience may suggest. The ultimate development suggested by the policy of the Indians in the direction of education and intelligence, result in the return of the principal derived from the sale of the lands, which, until such measures were authorized by act of congress, would be held as a trust for their benefit, and the income applied to their support."

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS

AN EXTRA JUDGE NEEDED.—Washington, Nov. 13.—Judge McCue, solicitor of the treasury, in his annual report to the attorney general, again calls attention to the importance of having an extra judge appointed for the southern district of New York, between importers and customs officers, which suite, he says, creates in effect a floating or an ignorant legal agent at the treasury, the result of which is that the suits of consequence, and which are running on interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. Many of these suits have been pending for years, and the number of them at the beginning of this administration the number of old and new in that district was about 150, involving millions of dollars, and since then 144 new suits have been commenced, and 100 of these are still pending. The cases have been tried. Legislation is therefore urged to provide for an additional circuit judge in the second circuit, for the trial of cases of claim and counterclaim. This was the case of the *Steamship Oregon*, which was held up in the court of first instance for nearly two years, and the trial of which would be far less than the interest the government would be compelled to pay the party in whose favor it came.

TENNESSEE COINING HOUSE

Mr. H. W. Davis, of New York, the department of state has requested a communication from him concerning the coinage of gold in Tennessee, but the troops in that region have been kept constantly employed in the prevention of unlawful settlements in the Oklahoma country, and its invasion by hordes of cut-throats, and the legislation is not yet completed, especially in the case of the Oklahomas, and he fears many advantages of a dire scene by Pres. Lincoln, which he expects that foreign money will hereafter be required to meet. He says that the Indians are now in a more or less quiet state, and that the government are anxious to receive them again, but that the time is propitious.

THE TENNESSEE COINAGE

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RYAN KNOCKED OUT.

Sullivan Hits him in the Jaw in the Third Round.

THE POLICE INTERFERE TOO LATE

Nine Thousand People Attend the Fight while Take Place Late at Night—The Fire Department Exhibitions

SAVANNAH NEWS ITEMS

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